

# St Joseph's Catholic Primary School & Nursery

## **ASSESSMENT AND MARKING POLICY**

Our family at St Joseph's Learns, Loves & Grows with God at the Centre.

Reviewed	26 <sup>th</sup> June 2025
Next Revision	Annually
To be reviewed	Summer term 2026

#### **Effective Marking Policy**

**Introduction:** At St Joseph's Catholic Primary School the marking policy is part of a set of policies on assessment, record keeping and reporting. This policy has been drawn up in collaboration with all members of staff at St. Joseph's.

Marking is an important part of the assessment process and reflects the aims of the school, which seek to encourage the highest possible standards for each child. The marking policy aims to encourage positive self-esteem and increase pupil independence in learning.

Marking should provide constructive feedback to every child, focusing on success and improvement against learning objectives and success criteria. Marking should help children to become reflective learners and give them strategies to be able to improve their work and take the next steps in their learning. We aim to provide a system of marking that is consistent and continuous, across each stage within our school, that informs and influences our planning and which enhances children's learning.

#### **Effective marking should:**

- Identify achievements and the next steps in their learning
- Relate to the learning objectives and success criteria for each lesson
- Give children specific praise for the success of their work, showing it is valued either by highlighting in yellow in Years 2-6 or by writing short positive comments.
- Identify improvements needed by highlighting in blue and provide children with clear strategies on how they can improve their work
- Be read by pupils and time should be given for them to respond to marking to improve their work using a green pen
- Be manageable for the teaching team.
- Help teachers evaluate teaching and inform future planning and next steps in learning
- Show use of consistent codes and procedures throughout the school
- Provide a tool for teacher assessment
- Help parents to understand the strengths and areas to develop in their children's work.

During marking acknowledgement should always relate to the learning intention.

Every extended piece of writing should be highlighted and marked using the marking codes, including the build up to an extended piece.

#### Monitoring

Marking should be regularly scrutinised and books should be seen as part of both lesson observations and learning walks by the SLT. All curriculum leaders should moderate work and sample marking.

#### **English Marking**

Every piece of work will be marked.

- Adults mark in red pen
- Assessing the work against the learning objective and the success criteria
- Highlight successes in yellow: Once the learning intention has been made clear, the marking has to be focused on that (from Year 2)
- Blue improvement prompts Highlighted in blue by the adult (from Year 2)
- Some highlighting should be completed during lesson time so that pupils can respond to feedback during the lesson
- Teachers write an improvement prompt or question in red pen
- Verbal feedback comments to pupils are also a form of marking and should be recorded during the lesson and/or after the lesson. This is indicated by writing VF followed by a word or two to indicate the area of focus e.g. 'VF – Punctuating Speech'.
- Use the codes to help children identify areas to be improved.

#### Other codes:

Where a pupil has completed work supported by a teacher indicate with a 'G'
(Guided) and if work has been supported by a Teaching Assistant indicate with 'TA' in
the margin.

#### **Responding to marking:**

- Children should respond to the comments made by their teacher from Year 2 upwards.
- Children should be given time, at the start of the day/ or in a discrete time set, to read and respond to the written feedback the teacher has provided.
- Children should be encouraged to ask for clarification, if they do not understand a
  comment and should be clear about what they need to do in their next piece of
  work, as a result of the feedback they have received.
- Children should be expected to respond to the written feedback with a green pen and correct mistakes with a green pen. When children have responded to feedback, teachers should initial their feedback to acknowledge the child's response. Where the green pen feedback is incorrect, teachers should correct the misconception.

#### Self/peer evaluation

- All children should be reminded to self-evaluate against success criteria and older children should be encouraged to identify their own successes and look for an improvement point. When evaluating their own work Self-Assessment should be written on the work and comments written in green.
- Use checklists to guide self-assessment.

The plenary could then focus on this process as a way of analysing and learning. This process should also highlight specific children who need targeting for additional teaching either in a focus group or 1:1 teaching.

Children should be given the opportunity to evaluate the work of their peers and provide suggestions for improvement. When doing this, pupils should write Peer
 Assessment on the work and write their name after completing this evaluation. This should also be written in green pen. Again, this process needs guidance from the teacher – look out for peer evaluations so comments from peers are useful and helpful.

#### Marking in all other subject areas:

- Each piece of work should be marked before the next lesson
- Highlighters are not used
- Teachers should write an improvement prompt or T (target) question in red pen
- Spelling: Errors in key subject specific vocabulary are to be corrected
- Marking Codes can be used if appropriate i.e. :

#### Maths:

#### As above and including:

• Incorrect answers should be indicated by a red dot after the answer, not a cross.

#### **EYFS**

Early Years use on-going assessments as an integral part of the learning and developmental process. This helps to ensure the children are making progress towards the Early Learning Goals. Systematic observations and assessments of each child's achievements, interests and learning styles are made by all staff.

These observations are used to plan relevant activities and opportunities for each child relating to the children's needs and interests. Feedback is given to the child verbally and also shared with parents and caregivers via tapestry, special books and during 1 to 1 parent meetings. Parents and caregivers are also given the opportunity to contribute towards planning through online Tapestry contributions and working collaboratively with teachers during parent meetings to decide targets for their child.

Each child has a special book to record highlights of their learning journey; parents are encouraged to contribute towards this book, using 'Star Moments', celebrating children's achievements at home. Children have direct access to their special books to independently include special pieces of their work which are then annotated by an adult using the coded labels.

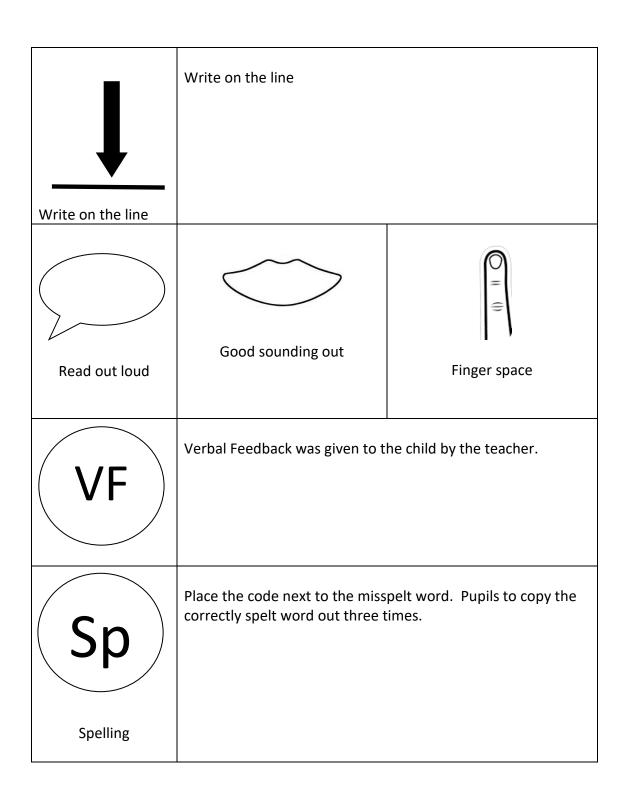
In Reception children also have Phonics Handwriting books and Literacy books. Children record handwriting and key text work in these books and they are marked 1 to 1 with an adult. Verbal feedback, using the marking codes, is given highlighting a star feature and a wish as a next step. The learning environment is very reflective of pupil voice which is either written and recorded by adults or annotated by the child when they are able to.

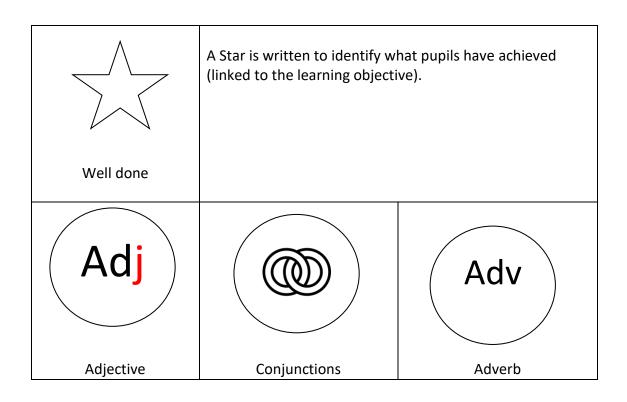
In the Foundation Stage, marking and feedback strategies include:

- Verbal praise
- Annotations, short and longer narrative observations via Tapestry
- Annotation of work in Special books using coded labels
- Children beginning to annotate their own work and pictures in books and on working walls and displays
- Oral dialogue with children about their play and activities emphasising next steps and how to extend learning

### Appendix 1:

	KS1 marking codes	
This letter "d"	Place in the circle the capital letter that needs to be amended.	
should be a capital		
d	Place in the circle the lowercase letter that needs to be amended.  The letter in a circle also represents letter formation that is required and needs to be practised.	
This letter "d" should be lowercase		
	A wish is written for the child but they are also told the target verbally. This target may require a response which is written by the teacher or a next step question.	
Wish		
	Missing full stop	
Full stop		





KS2 marking codes		
C	Place in the circle the letter that should have been a capital eg. A for a, B for b etc	
This is the capital letter		
T	This is your <u>target</u> . Read it and remember	
P	Punctuation: Place the code in the margin or near the punctuation mistake.	
Sp	Place the code next to the misspelt word. Teacher to either correct the misspelt word or the pupil is to use a dictionary to correct the mistake (no more than three misspelt words to be corrected in one piece.)	
VF	Verbal Feedback was given to the child by the teacher.	



A Star is written to identify what pupils have achieved (linked to the learning objective).

Well done

